Neil Jeffares, Dictionary of pastellists before 1800

Online edition

CHRÉTIEN, Gilles-Louis

Versailles 5.II.1754 – Paris 4.III.1811 Chrétien was a musicien de la chapelle du roi until, around 1783-86, he invented the celebrated physionotrace, a kind of pantographic machine which permitted the mechanical tracing of profile portraits in just a few minutes. Customers were offered either an immediate, life-sized chalk drawing, for 6 livres (the "grand trait"), or, for 15 livres (24 if the plate was taken) they could collect 12 impressions of a reduced size engraving. Chrétien exhibited at the salons from 1793 to 1799; he worked alone from 1786 or in partnership with Quenedey 1788–89, with Fouquet 1789–99 (qq.v.), and later with Bouchardy or Fournier. Quenedey in particular developed the technique, making the drawn profiles in a few minutes, while assistants were engaged to make the engravings. Records of drawings executed with this device are often misdescribed.

Bibliography

Bénézit; Hennequin 1932; Lemoine-Bouchard 2008; inventaire des physionotraces, in preparation, www.lemoinebouchard.com

Pastels

J.2256.119 William Richardson DAVIE (1756– 1820), peace commissioner to France in 1799, chlk/pink ppr, 45.1x36.5 ov., 1800 (Chapel Hill, University of North Carolina). Lit.: National Society Colonial Dames of America, *North Carolina portrait index 1700–1860*, North Carolina, 1963, p. 64 repr. φ

